



weitere Matching - Ansätze

- Relationales Modell: Data log

count(*) (CC, CN, ..., GP)
 CC/"D" CN/"John", GP/"Berlin"
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- XML: XML-QL

<person>
 <name> \$n </name>
 <age> \$a </age>
 </person>

\$n / "John"
 \$a / 35
 .. weitere Attribute

\bar{T} -logic

john [Person ; / rdt.type
 name \rightarrow "john" ;
 age \rightarrow 35 ; child \rightarrow alice, bob]
 alice [: Person
 name \rightarrow "alice" ; age \rightarrow 8] .

? - john [P \rightarrow _V]

P/name

P/age

P/child

sozial:

{ person: john ?P ?V

?P rdfs:range ?C }

?P/child

?V/has

?C/Person

⇒ bch a Person ^{RDFS}

identity